

# Hawaiian Gazette.

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HONOLULU, H. T., TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 1904—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2598.

## RUSSIANS ARE CALLING OUT MEN FROM RESERVE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

ST. PETERSBURG, June 14.—A division of reserves has been called out. Half the force is going to the front and half to central Russian garrisons.

### RUSSIAN LOSSES.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 14.—An official statement of losses in the navy enumerates 44 officers and 920 men killed, 13 officers and 220 men wounded; army, 36 officers and 980 men killed and 103 officers and 2080 men wounded; 20 officers and 696 men captured.

### RUSSIAN BARBARITY.

TIENTSIN, June 14.—An official protest has been made to St. Petersburg against the incessant robberies and outrages committed by Russians against Chinese in Manchuria.

LONDON, June 11.—Two clockwork infernal machines have been found in the dining room of the Czar's palace.

### THE COSSACKS RETREATED.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 11.—A Japanese infantry brigade and five squadrons of cavalry marched against the south side of Sinyen on Wednesday. This force was checked by the batteries. Later a battle occurred on the east side of the city, the Cossacks retreating. The Japanese loss was forty. The Japanese loss at Saimatza was 200.

### KUROPATKIN'S TARDY REINFORCEMENTS.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 11.—The last division of reinforcements for Kuropatkin is expected to reach Liaoyang on August 27.

### INCREASED JAPANESE ACTIVITY.

LIAOYANG, June 11.—There is increased Japanese activity in the neighborhood of Sinyen, west of Fengwangcheng. It is believed this is a feint to distract attention from Port Arthur.

### RUSSIANS IN KOREA.

SEOUL, June 11.—The Russians have occupied a garrison near Chang-ju, the Korean defenders fleeing.

### NEWS FROM PORT ARTHUR.

CHEFOO, June 11.—The Russian Consul here is in nearly constant communication by wireless telegraph with Port Arthur. Application has been made to the Russian government for the removal of neutral foreigners. At Port Arthur the price of rice has increased six-fold.

LIAOYANG, June 12.—The Japanese are constructing a railway from Fengwangcheng to Shakedsi, near the mouth of the Yalu river.

### JAPAN'S BANDIT ALLIES.

TIENTSIN, June 12.—The Chunchus, (bandits) are organizing to wreck the Russian railway lines. They number 2000 and are led by Japanese.

### JAPAN'S STRATEGIC ADVANTAGES.

TOKIO, June 12.—Siyen, which the Japanese have occupied is a strategic point of great importance, which controls the road to Liaoyang and Mukden.

### RUSSIAN TACTICS.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 12.—Kuropatkin is reversing Kuroki's flanking movement north of Siamatza by sending troops from Mukden to turn Kuroki's right.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 13.—It is rumored that a naval battle has taken place at Port Arthur, in which two Russian and four Japanese battleships were sunk.

### VLADIVOSTOK FLEET BEATEN BACK.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 13.—It is stated here that the Vladivostok fleet reached to within thirty miles of Port Arthur on June 7, when it encountered several Japanese torpedo boats and two battleships. The Japanese vessels attacked the fleet, inflicting damage thereto and compelling its return to Vladivostok.

### DISTRESS AT VLADIVOSTOK.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 13.—Great distress prevails at Vladivostok owing to enhanced prices of food.

### NO RELIEF FOR PORT ARTHUR.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 13.—General Kuropatkin is making no attempt to relieve Port Arthur.

### RUSSIAN LAND VICTORY.

HAICHONG, June 13.—The Japanese flanking movements around the Russian left from Fengwangcheng were repulsed, the Japanese losing two battalions.

### BATTLESHIP CZAREVITCH REPAIRED.

TIENTSIN, June 13.—The battleship Czarevitch is again ready for sea. The gunboats Giliak and Bobr are not destroyed.

A Tokio despatch of June 9 stated that the Giliak had been torpedoed and destroyed at Port Arthur.

### AN AFFAIR WITH BANDITS.

HAICHONG, June 13.—Ten Cossacks came into conflict with fifty bandits, killing fifteen of them. One Cossack was killed.

### THE RUSSIAN DEAD AT NANSHAN.

Washington, June 12, 1904. (Received at 1:35 p. m.).. The Japanese Consul, Honolulu.

General Oka reports that the Russian corpses which were left ashore at Nanshan and its vicinity, and were found and buried by the Japanese military administration, numbered 1000 and 564 men, besides about 1000 Russian corpses were already found and buried by our troops in the neighborhood of our camps.

TAKAHIRA



A RUSSIAN SOLDIER CAPTURED BY A JAPANESE OUTPOST.

## MAY COME HERE TO FIGHT LEAF HOPPER

SAN FRANCISCO, June 14.—L. A. Thurston of Honolulu is here seeking to engage Alexander Craw as chief entomological exterminator of the leaf-hopper in Hawaii. Mr. Thurston has offered him a salary of \$5,000 per year.

Alexander Craw has long been connected with the work, in California, of preventing the importation and spread of insect pests. He is an expert in entomological work.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 14.—John D. Spreckels is ill at the Hotel del Coronado and it is announced that he will be unable to make the trip to the Republican National Convention.



GENERAL ACKERMAN

## THE JUDICIAL APPOINTMENTS

At the request of President Roosevelt, Governor Carter yesterday conferred at Washington with the Attorney General's Department in reference to the Hawaiian judicial appointments.

Besides the commissions for the three Justices of the Supreme Court, the commissions of Judge Little of Hilo, Judge Edings of Kailua and Judge Hardy of Kauai have expired.

Judge Hardy will probably be reappointed. Some few years ago he spoke of retiring on the score of health, but it is understood that latterly he has expressed his willingness to serve another term.

If the appointments are delayed much longer, there may be complications ensue in the Parker Ranch litigation. Should Judge Gear grant Sam Parker an injunction against A. W. Carter as manager, while there is no successor to Judge Edings to dissolve the injunction now in force against Sam Parker, there will be nobody in lawful control of the ranch.

## JESSE ACKERMAN AS A PEACE ANGEL

BERNE, May 21.—Miss Jessie Ackerman, an American, who has been named by the Universal Peace Union to Philadelphia to visit European capitals in the interests of peace, arrived here and was received in audience by the president of the Swiss Confederacy, M. Comtesse. Miss Ackerman presented him with an address from the Universal Peace Union and a Swiss flag beautifully worked in silk by American women.

The Star says that the character of the peace angel is a woman, Miss Jessie Ackerman, who is a member of the Universal Peace Union, and is a native of New York.

## DEMOCRATS ORGANIZE

### Central Committee Gets Down to Hard Work.

The Democratic Central Committee held an animated meeting last evening in the Waverley Hall, a practically full attendance of the twenty-six composing the committee being present. Among those prominent in the discussion were Harry Jones, E. M. Watson, R. B. Kidd, Col. McCarthy, J. Emmeluth, Mr. Fendergast, Mr. Spitzer, Frank Harvey, E. H. F. Wolter, Mr. Effinger, Frederick Terrill, the vice-chairman of the committee, acted in the absence of Prince David Kawanakoa.

The question of ways and means was generally discussed at the commencement of the session with the reports of the treasurer and finance committee which were finally referred back for presentation in proper form and will be brought up again at the next meeting, which takes place on Monday evening next at the same place.

Unanimous opinions were expressed as to the advisability of carrying out the work of organization without waiting to hear from the St. Louis convention and the committee individually will go ahead with the promulgation of precinct clubs.

Glowing reports were read from various districts, including Maui, the Kona, Hilo and Hamakua portions of the big island and from Molokai telling of the willingness of the Home Rulers to join the Democratic ranks. Word was heard from Mr. Bishop of Kauai, who was in that island and stated that there were many only awaiting organization.

Speeches generally talked of the moment being ripe for taking advantage of a big slump in the Home Rule party and the whole trend of the meeting went towards the importance of organization, finally adjourning until Monday evening when a full attendance was urged by the chairman.

There was no suspicion of anything but harmony during the meeting though some of the members before the session acknowledged that they were not unprepared for such a contingency. The Hearst question was not touched upon.

## TO CLASSIFY THE AQUARIUM FISHES

Mr. Seale, the expert ichthyologist at the Bishop Museum, will classify and give the scientific names to the fishes at the Aquarium.

Mr. Seale was formerly assistant on the U. S. Fish Commission and has published several works on Pacific fishes, among them being "Fishes of Guam," in which twenty species, new to science, are described, and "New Hawaiian Fishes" in which seven new species of Hawaiian fishes are described. Mr. Seale is now writing an extensive work on the "Fishes of the South Pacific," and will go to the coast by the Sierra with a collection of fishes from the Bishop Museum to compare with specimens secured in Samoa by Dr. Jordan.

Dr. J. E. Duerden of the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, will spend the summer investigating the corals of the Hawaiian Islands.

Dr. Duerden is one of the best known authorities on corals and actinaria. He is Bruce Fellow, Johns Hopkins University, and has the degrees Ph. D., A. R. C. Sc. (Lond.). Dr. Duerden will sail from San Francisco for Honolulu on June 18.

## COMMITTEEMAN'S PROXY TO CARTER

Samuel Parker filed yesterday evening that he had a proxy to vote for Governor Carter at the election on June 18.



# INDICTMENTS FOR MURDER

**Some Knife Wielders—A Bequest Renounced. Court Items.**

(From Saturday's Advertiser)  
Besides the indictments against E. S. Boyd and Stephen Mahaulu elsewhere reported in detail, other indictments were presented and the defendants arraigned before Judge De Bolt yesterday.

Kanro Tanda, murder; Hayashida, murder; Kawai Kahili, manslaughter; W. J. Glenn, assault with a knife; Chen See, larceny second degree; Willie Brown, assault with a razor. The last-named pleaded guilty.

## DISPUTED SWITCH.

An answer has been filed by the Honolulu Rapid Transit & Land Co. to the complaint for injunction entered by Excelsior Lodge, I. O. O. F. It is claimed that the approval of the Superintendent of Public Works, as required by its franchise, was obtained for the location of the turnout or siding in Fort street, opposite premises of complainant, which it is sought to enjoin. Respondent denies that the siding was laid contrary to any restraining order of the court duly served. It admits that it was laid partly by night and on Sunday, but this was largely in order not to impede the regular operation of the route and the use of Fort street. Denial is made of the various allegations of damage to respondent's property from having a switch in respondent's track at the place in question.

## ORDERS OF PAYMENTS.

Judge De Bolt has ordered that the clerk of the court pay to W. A. Wall, by check on the bank of Bishop & Co., the sum of \$624.55 out of the moneys arising from the sale of a portion of the lands in the suit of M. F. Scott et al. vs. E. N. Filipo et al. The payment is for services as commissioner to partition the lands.

Judge Gear has signed an order that W. L. Whitney, administrator of the estate of O. Ahi, deceased, pay to M. B. Silveira and Silveira & Co. the sum of \$970.30 and for forty per cent of their claim against said estate. Robertson & Wilder appeared for the petitioners, Silveira et al., and the administrator in person. Mr. Whitney had tendered a less amount than that claimed and awarded.

## LARGE ESTATE SETTLEMENT.

Grace Dickey Waterhouse, executrix of the will of Henry Waterhouse, Jr., has filed her final account, balancing with \$19,633.37 as received and paid out. She petitions for discharge. Her receipt as sole legatee to herself as executrix is for cash \$2909.17, 100 shares Haku Sugar Co., 10 shares Pala Sugar Co., 70 shares Pioneer Mill Co., 200 shares Waiwala Sugar Co., 7 shares People's Ice & Refrigerating Co., 54 shares Waiwala Agricultural Co., 50 shares Hart & Co. and two personal notes of amounts not stated.

## RENUNCIATIONS UNDER WILL.

Mrs. Mary Downey has renounced and relinquished all her right, interest and claim in and to the legacy for the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars bequeathed to her in the last will and testament of Samuel Sachs, deceased.

Mrs. Emma Puhl renounces her nomination as guardian of Samuel Sachs Jr. in the will of the late Samuel Sachs and authorizes L. Schweitzer, executor of the will, to nominate some suitable person as such guardian.

## HEAVY DAMAGE SUIT.

Return of summons as served on W. C. Peacock, president of the defendant corporation, has been made in the suit of Dr. Howard Humphris against the Moana Hotel Co., Ltd., for \$20,000 damages on account of personal injuries sustained by the plaintiff in the Moana Hotel elevator through the alleged negligence of the person in charge thereof. He declares that he sustained injuries to his legs, knees and knee caps, which he fears may be permanent and on that account suffers great distress of mind, besides that he "was and still is in a great measure incapacitated from attending to his business and vocation, and was and still is and in the future will be deprived of great gains, profits and advantages which otherwise ought and would have accrued to him."

## IMPORTANT TEST CASE.

Arthur M. Brown, High Sheriff, has sued out a writ of error in the case of Mayo and Goto, claiming that manifest error was committed by the First Circuit Court in discharging Goto under a writ of habeas corpus. This proceeding will bring Judge Gear's ruling in Goto's case, which affects the cases of many persons serving sentences, up for review by the Supreme Court.

## COURT NOTES.

E. A. Douthitt, attorney for plaintiff in the suit of Hiram Kiley vs. Frederick Kiley and James Gorman, gives notice to the defendants that the trial has been set for hearing before Judge Robinson on Wednesday next, also that the plaintiff waives trial by jury.

A bill of exceptions has been filed by plaintiff to the verdict for defendant and denial of motion for a new trial in the case of Kapioani Estate, Ltd., vs. J. G. Faria tried before Judge Robinson.

By stipulation of counsel, defendants in the foreclosure suit of Henry F. Cooper vs. The Island Realty Co. et al. have until June 18 to answer, etc.

Plaintiff in the suit of E. O. Hall & Son, Ltd., vs. W. H. Pahn has moved to set the cause for trial on Monday next before Judge Gear.

Judge De Bolt partly heard and continued (11) Wednesday next argument on the motion to quash the indictment of F. J. Taria for libel.

# SHORT IN ADDITIONS

**What Boyd and Mahaulu Are Charged With Embezzling.**

(From Saturday's Advertiser)

Much the heavier end of the Land Office defalcations, though the later discovered, was exhibited in the Circuit Court before Judge De Bolt yesterday. In five indictments containing nine counts E. S. Boyd, former Commissioner of Public Lands, is charged with the embezzlement of an aggregate amount of \$10,332.49. Three indictments containing seven counts present that Stephen Mahaulu, late chief clerk of the Land Office, embezzled an aggregate of \$8545. This makes a grand total of \$18,877.49 for the head office.

Assistant Attorney General W. S. Fleming appeared for the Territory, and S. F. Chillingworth for Boyd. Mahaulu was without counsel. Pleas were reserved by defendants, Boyd's bail being fixed at \$25,000 and Mahaulu's at \$10,000. Mr. Fleming had suggested \$30,000 as the amount of Boyd's bond, when Mr. Chillingworth said that \$10,000 as fixed in the District Court would be difficult to procure, and if his client was unable to obtain bail he would have to stay in jail until the last count against him had been determined. He thought this rather unusual.

Judge De Bolt observed that embezzlements in Hawaii seemed to be getting anything but unusual. He considered \$15,000 fair.

J. J. Dunne was later entered as associate counsel for Boyd.

Following are the items against the two defendants, according to the counts of indictments:

## AGAINST BOYD.

September 29, 1900	\$2,500.00
March 6, 1901	675.00
March 6, 1901	1,552.50
Dec. 28, 1901	2,000.00
August 21, 1902	725.00
May 8, 1903	75.00
July 2, 1903	\$57.50
July 23, 1903	810.50
Nov. 14, 1903	606.99
Total	\$10,332.49

## AGAINST MAHAULU.

August 24, 1901	\$500.00
August 28, 1901	480.00
August 32, 1902	1,400.00
September 2, 1902	240.00
September 2, 1902	500.00
September 2, 1902	825.00
March 23, 1903	4,500.00
Total	\$8,545.00

Attorney General Lorin Andrews returned from Hilo yesterday, where he had been attending to the commitment of E. D. Baldwin, land agent there, for embezzlement of land receipts. Baldwin had been arrested upon a wireless telegraph message from the Attorney General. A preliminary examination was held before District Magistrate Hapai after the Attorney General's arrival which resulted in Baldwin's being held under \$10,000 to appear before the grand jury at the next term of the Fourth Circuit Court.

As previously reported in the Advertiser, Baldwin, when discovered and been made in his agency transactions after he had been out of the office three months, in two payments refunded to the Government about \$4000. The retention of the money made him liable to prosecution notwithstanding restitution, but while his case in that regard was still under consideration by the Attorney General a distinct shortage of about \$300 was discovered in his accounts. This latter is what led to his summary arrest. Baldwin represents that this particular amount of money should be debited to one Reis, formerly a clerk under him, who at times had full swing of money matters in the office, handling on a single occasion as large an amount as \$40,000. Reis is now in Denmark, but the authorities do not believe he embezzled any money from the Hilo land agency, there being some positive evidence of his innocence available.

Attorney General Andrews while at Hilo ordered the arrest of Charles Williams, sub-land agent at Honokaa, upon prima facie evidence that he had embezzled \$700 of public money.

# SUGAR PLANTATION FOR SALE TODAY

(From Monday's Advertiser)  
At 12 noon today Jas. F. Morgan, as commissioner of court, will sell the sugar plantation of the Maui Sugar Co., Ltd., situated on the ahupuaa of Huelo and adjacent lands on the island of Maui. Machinery, tools, animals, buildings, sugar on hand and sugar in transit are included. Seven leases covering an aggregate area of about 1700 acres form part of the mortgaged property. F. A. Schaefer & Co. are the mortgagees. The Maui Sugar Co. was incorporated five years ago by Chinese stockholders.

Other foreclosure sales advertised for today by Jas. F. Morgan are the following: Daniel Pohakahi to A. N. Campbell, trustee, 5850 square feet in the Palama tract mauka of King street; B. K. Kupieha to Henry N. Castle, eight pieces of land in Waiwala and three other properties; John Kona and two pieces of land at Moiliili; Louisa and John Kalamo to W. Kalamo to W. R. Castle, a lot in North R. Castle, trustee, a fine lot in Kapua, South Kona.

# GREAT SHAM BATTLE ON KAIMUKI HEIGHTS

**Regulars Unite With Militia in Useful War Drill—Decision of Honors is Dependent on Hypothetical Points.**

(From Saturday's Advertiser)

Kaimuki was yesterday morning the scene of a lively sham battle, in which United States regulars and Hawaiian militia were united in each of the two opposing forces. It, for reasons that will be apparent from this report, the combat was not decisive of honors beyond dispute; it was at least highly instructive to the rival commands and their respective officers.

The event was a maneuver planned out beforehand by Captain Nichols, commanding officer of the United States Coast Artillery at Camp McKinley, and Col. J. W. Jones, commanding the National Guard of Hawaii. These, accompanied by other officers, rode up to the place where the forces came first into contact and thence to the ridge of Telegraph Hill, from whence a perfect view of the whole field was obtainable, to observe the movements, and when the maneuvers were completed the recall assembly was sounded and the reviewing officers returned to the encampment in Kapioani park.

## SCHEME OF BATTLE.

It had been arranged the previous day that Lt. Col. C. W. Zeigler, N. G. H., should lead one column of troops by the road on the outside of Diamond Head and take up a certain position, while Major Thomas E. Wall, N. G. H., should lead another column by a route inside of Diamond Head and attempt to capture the position. The orders posted at headquarters gave this direction after detailing the different commands.

"Upon contact the columns will take up battle formation and attack." Lt. Col. Zeigler's column was composed of the 2nd Co., U. S. Coast Artillery, and Cos. D, E, F and I, National Guard of Hawaii. It was designated the "Blues."

Major Wall's column consisted of the 3rd Co., U. S. Coast Artillery, and Cos. A, B, C, G and H. Its designation was the "Grays."

There was a stipulation in the articles of war that the "Blues" should start from camp forty-five minutes before the "Grays." According to the map as scaled by Col. J. H. Soper the route outside of Diamond Head is three miles less 280 feet in distance, while the route inside is a trifle less than a mile. Hence the advantage followed Zeigler's column.

## SIGNAL CORPS APPEARS.

About 8:15 the Advertiser's war correspondent emerged upon Diamond Head road from the lane that passes the front of Leahi Hospital for incurables. A stone wall on the left of the lane going out proved later to be the very position Zeigler's column aimed to occupy, but at the time mentioned there was not a sight or sound of troops. In a few moments, however, four men were observed rounding a bend 300 yards down the inside route. They advanced rapidly up the hill and were soon recognized as Capt. J. H. Thompson, Lieut. Gus Rose and two others. The captain carried a furled flag and paused a moment as he gave the newspaperman the information that his party was Major Wall's signal corps. Then the party debouched into the thicket and within ten minutes were seen scaling the precipitous slope on the rear end of Diamond Head crater. Capt. Sam Johnson heading the advance guard of Co. F came over the ridge from the outside route. This company had done most of the way in double quick time and the captain gave 28 minutes as the time made from Campbell's gate.

## SKIRMISH OF SCOUTS.

Lt. Col. Zeigler, arriving soon after with the main body, confirmed Co. F in the position it had taken behind the stone wall and close to the right of the main road, a few men occupying the left roadside in a ditch screened with bushes. The 2nd Artillery company, commanded by Lieut. Garber, was placed on the extreme right. Co. I of Waiuku, under Capt. Bal, was given position between the regulars and Co. F, the entire right front of the road facing the stone wall for a breastwork. Co. D of Hilo, under Capt. Fetter, guarded the left in the scrub thicket of the foothills, its right being against a barbed wire fence.

While this disposition of the "Blues" was being made, sharp firing began on the summit of the crater ridge between two scouting parties. Lt. Col. Zeigler had sent a detail of 15 men under Lt. Blackman of Co. F to occupy the ridge from one side, while Major Wall had sent up 10 men under Lt. Holt Thorn from the other side to command that eminence and guard the signal corps. Each side made prompt claims that its scouts had annihilated the other ones, but the distance apart of the details and the deeply seamed ground occupied would scarcely sustain a claim of the kind. Thompson, at all events, was safe and vigorously wigwagged information from an eyrie overlooking the now advancing "Grays." It was a creditable feat on either side, both in point of tactics and in speed of execution, the placing of fighting scouts upon the ridge.

## MAIN STRUGGLE BEGINS.

Soon the advance guard of Major Wall's column showed down the road. Four men came hiking forward at the double-quick, drawing a withering fusillade from the ditch. The daring fellows took to the roadside and, though informed in shouts that they

were dead, escaped into the bush. Then Capt. Berndt led his company in close formation clear into the open roadway and was met by a succession of volleys from both sides of the road. The distance from Zeigler's position was not more than 250 yards. Lt. Col. Zeigler cried out, "They're all dead." It was admitted on Major Wall's side that Berndt's loss should have been 40 percent. Another company following close behind did not expose itself so badly, though some did, and then four companies a few minutes later encountered the Hilo men in the woods. After some sharp firing in the cover, the attacking companies emerged in full view of the road at an elevation of fully 100 feet above Zeigler's central position. There they made a beautiful formation of oval shape in skirmishing order. They poured down a blighting fire upon the Hilo company, which was hotly returned. This contest was maintained for some minutes, when Zeigler gave the order to his men to cease firing. The advantage at this point was claimed by both sides. On the part of Zeigler it was contended that, after the direct fire from ambush the attacking party sustained on the roadway, it would have been impossible for it to have carried out its maneuver upon the slopes. On the part of Wall, it was held that the rugged and wooded character of the ground there was sufficient cover to have made the movement feasible even with the admitted heavy loss below.

## THE RIGHT ATTACKED.

Meantime some sharp firing of the regulars on Zeigler's right showed something doing in that quarter. Zeigler strengthened the line in that direction. His outposts were seen retiring and the cause quickly became apparent in a lively skirmish fire some 400 yards below Leahi Hospital. When the first contact of the main bodies on the road took place, Co. C under command of Capt. Coyne and Co. A led by Lt. Santos had deployed to the left. Avoiding the roads for the most part, as being conspicuous from the heights, they broke through the taints thicket for 2000 or 3000 yards and, emerging near Mrs. Hendricks' house, advanced steadily to attack Zeigler's right behind Leahi Hospital. As they struck the lapse in front of the hospital, on the line of Zeigler's breastworks, an outpost of five men began popping at them from the southwest corner of the stone wall enclosing the hospital grounds. Coyne paid no attention to this diversion, neither did he notice a company under Capt. Nahora Hips advancing up the lane from the road. When he came to the front entrance of the hospital enclosure he took the grounds with a double quick rush, the two companies firing as they advanced past the buildings. It was noticed that the firing from Zeigler's extreme right was light in the face of Coyne's assault, as if the defense was employed in improving its position. As the exchange of volleys grew fiercer Captain Hips's company scaled the hospital wall and poured a hot fire into the flank of the assailants. They in fact got quite mixed up with each other and all at once the bugles sounded cease firing. Capt. Coyne explained that he had ignored the attack of Capt. Hips because Hips's men were at that stage out of the fight, having been disposed of in the fight at the left of the position. If not "dead" they were necessary to the defense of the principal fort. Lt. Col. Zeigler contests this proposition, and it points must be judged evidence will be required to settle it. If Hips's men were "live," then Coyne and Santos by taking the hospital only got into a trap.

## ALL GOOD-NATURED.

There were no hard feelings on either side over such problematic questions. As one officer of high rank put it, there will always be disputes over sham battles because "volunteers never know when they are killed."

After the fight at the hospital both sides mingled in irregular retirement to the main road, laughing and joking over their strenuous experiences upon the rugged field and in the hot sun. Having rested at ease a few minutes, with studied attention to the water canteens, both sides were formed in line and marched down to the camp.

## NOTES.

Lieut. Trotter commanded the 28th company of Coast Artillery, which joined in the movement to surround the Hilo boys. He saved his men by bringing them up in skirmish order.

Lieut. W. W. K. Hamilton, U. S. A., the officer detailed to instruct the militia in camp, had joint command with Major Wall of the "Grays," taking general supervision of the attack.

When the "Grays" first appeared, Capt. Sam Johnson, amidst orders to his men not to expose themselves but to be ready, cried: "Here they come—the Japanese are coming." A voice from the breastworks answered: "No, it's the Russians." Capt. Johnson joined in the laugh at his expense.

Lt. Wise led Co. B and Lt. Whitehead Co. G of the "Grays," which took part in the fight on the mountain side.

Capt. Thompson made his signals to Lt. Thos. Cummins, who was down on the road. He used the Hawaiian language. His first message flashed by code was "Wikekiki" (be quick). The next was, "Enemy back of wall already." When he saw Wall's column coming up the road he signalled, "Form skirmish line."

It may well be understood that both

# CARTER IN TACOMA

**Hawaii's Governor Was in the Sound Country.**

The Tacoma Ledger of June 1, says: In his private car, "Columbia," H. A. Strong, of Rochester, N. Y., president of the Eastman Kodak company, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. George R. Carter, the Misses Carter and Miss Doherty, of Honolulu, arrived in Tacoma yesterday, coming from San Francisco.

The party registered at the Tacoma hotel, three suites having been previously reserved for the members, and left immediately for Seattle. They did not return to the hotel last night.

Mr. Carter is the governor of the Hawaiian Islands, having succeeded Sanford B. Dole, who was appointed chief justice of the supreme court.

Prior to his appointment to the position of governor he was secretary of the territory. He is also the son-in-law of Mr. Strong. Mrs. Carter was at one time prominent in local society and has many friends here. The party will remain in Tacoma several days.

Tacoma has few better friends than Mr. Strong, who at one time was a resident of the city and a prominent business man, being at the head of one of the banks. He has large property interests in the city and makes a practice of visiting Tacoma every summer.

Governor Carter is on his way to Washington, D. C., after which he will go to Chicago to attend the republican national convention.

# MENACED AT LOOM

**A PLUCKY WEAVER ENDURES A PAINFUL PERSECUTION.**

**Course Pursued by Mr. Hickey to Bring to an End a Serious Interference With His Work.**

The pluck which Mr. C. H. Hickey, a cotton weaver, of No. 3, Main street, Harris, Rhode Island, exhibited in resisting an effort to drive him from his looms in the Berpon Mills of Georgia, was truly remarkable.

Every day his work was hampered there, and at its close he dragged himself to his home and was put to bed exhausted and suffering to such an extent that sleep was impossible. Every morning he forced himself with heroic resolution to resume his work. But the days went by without bringing him any relief, until it became clear that even his remarkable will power could not long sustain such fearful odds. His good wife became alarmed and both began to look eagerly for assistance.

"My trouble came, I think," says Mr. Hickey, "from the strong draught of cold air that played about my feet at my six looms. One foot swelled just above the ankle, and the pain became something terrible. I forced myself to limp about during the day, but it was worst at night when I got home and, as soon as I got my supper, I had to go to bed to get a little relief. Besides the torture in my foot I would have nervous jumping spells, shortness of breath and pain near my heart."

"I stood it as well as I could for three months, trying many medicines, but all the time getting worse, until two friends told me what wonderful virtue they had found in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. One of them said they had cured his rheumatism and that he considered them the foremost of all remedies."

"Now, I bless Dr. Williams' Pink Pills myself for the first box I took helped me and, after I had taken three boxes, the swelling went down and the pain and lameness left me for good. I have had no trace of the dreadful illness since."

Obstinate cases of neuralgia, sciatica and even of locomotor ataxia, have also yielded to the same remedy, which is a specific for all diseases of the blood and nerves. These pills are sold by all druggists throughout the world.

Bernard Kelekoib is telling the natives the story of "Russia and Japan" in the Kukooa.

Officers and men enjoyed lunch in camp after the warm morning's work. Major Short, as commissary of the officers' mess, was the butt of a sort of badinage that told better than anything else could that his catering is of the first class.

Capt. Johnson is proud of Co. F's kitchen and cook. He has had a refrigerator built on the ground large enough for a guardhouse.

The National Guardsmen had target practice yesterday afternoon with the Colt's automatic rapid fire field guns lately presented to the Regiment by the War Department.

Acting Governor Atkinson will review the troops in camp tomorrow morning. From the appointed hour for the start, 7:30, the sham battle occupied a trifle more than two hours.

The ambulance corps carried their stretchers furled clear through, striking evidence of the good physical condition of the boys.

# THE NERVE OF LITTLE

**Hawaii's Governor Was Appears in G. A. R. Line. Threatens to Lick Somebody.**

HILO, June 9.—The recent exposure of Judge Little have not dampened his ardor as a pretender. On Decoration Day the reversible one adorned himself in a G. A. R. badge, slouch hat with gold cord and took part in the services of the day. Very elaborate ceremonies were prepared for the occasion and all Hilo went to church. At the appropriate time the old soldiers marched down the aisle and occupied the seats. In the hush that followed the martial tread was again heard and the Judge, in a procession by himself filed in and sat down in the seats reserved for the old soldiers. It does not seem to worry His Honor to know that the Attorney General of the United States has caused an investigation to be made in the War Department with the result that no such man as Gilbert F. Little ever took part in the Civil War. Neither does he care that his own Post in the G. A. R. has repudiated him. He says he can lick any man in Hilo and so he is going to be an "old soldier."

On the subject of licking people the soldier-judge has had a good deal to say of late. He claims that a lot of people have been telling gross untruths about him recently and these people must be reckoned with. On the last day of Court the Judge took occasion to say to the assembled jurors and litigants that as soon as he was really out of office he would settle a few old scores by going around town and "pounding the day-light" out of some of the people who had worked against him for Judge.

# FERNANDEZ AND CAPTURED CONVICT

Ewa Courthouse, June 9, 1904.

Editor Advertiser: I see by your issue of this date that one "Fair Play" whose true name is unknown, says that I did not make the arrest of Echinto Sanchez, a Porto Rican at Waipahu. Permit me to say that I did make the arrest. The truths and facts that on Sunday afternoon, June 5, I was informed by Sabatel, an informer, that Echinto Sanchez was seen in the Porto Rican camp, that noon, and said Echinto Sanchez is known by the name of "Hamao" by the people of the camp. On that evening two officers, informers and myself went to the Porto Rican camp at Waipahu. We watched the Porto Rican camp up to midnight, and we returned home. So the next morning, June 6th, we came early to Waipahu camp, but we could not see him (Echinto Sanchez) there, finally, I came to the plantation office, and met Mr. B. Johnson, the time-keeper. I asked Mr. B. Johnson—time-keeper, if he had a Porto Rican by the name of Hamao in his time-book. Mr. B. Johnson looked in his time-book found the name "Hamao," and Mr. B. Johnson told me that this Porto Rican worked in the plantation for the last two weeks. I went up to the Japanese camp, there I met plantation police, and team luna. Asked them to go along with me to Kuna's reservoir where Porto Ricans are working. Team luna asked me "What about Porto Ricans?" Then I produced the photo. When team luna saw this photo, he said that this Porto Rican is working for me, and I know who he is. He left the Japanese camp, and then started up towards the reservoir as soon we passed the stable-gate, the team-luna wanted to go home to breakfast, but I urged him not, but asked him to come along, so we went up to reservoir, and got near said reservoir, the team luna recognized the man, pointed to plantation police and myself, so plantation police and myself rushed up to him, and we jumped off from our horses, and I held and the plantation police handcuffed him. We led prisoner to Waipahu, thence I brought him to Honolulu.

JOHN FERNANDEZ.

## Hilo Property at Auction.

The buildings on Front street, Hilo, between Nippon alley and Pohahaw street will be sold at auction by I. E. Ray on Saturday, June 18. It is said that the government will lease the lots after the present buildings have been removed.

## Shanghai's Hawaiian Colony.

Eugene Clarke, at one time with the Hilo Drug Co., has been heard from in Shanghai. He is employed by the London Pharmacy Co. and likes the place. Rose Campbell has also reached Shanghai. Mr. Janeway, formerly of Mr. Baldwin's office, is in Japan.

## Tennis at Hilo.

The Hilo Tennis Club is holding its tournament in which the quality of the sport is said to be excellent but the patronage not so large.

PAINS IN THE STOMACH, like toothache, are dangerous, but quickly relieved. Persons who are subject to stomach troubles will be pleased to know that a relief may be had by taking a few doses of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is sold by all Dealers and Druggists. Price 25 cents. Small size 10 cents. Prepared by J. C. Chamberlain, Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.











# JOHNSON PUT BACK A PEG Boyd and Mahaulu Reserve Their Pleas.

Enoch Johnson must wait for his trial under indictment for gross cheat until after the trial of Jonah Kumalae and himself again under indictment for conspiracy. The jury by disagreement made a mistrial of the latter case the present term, after which Johnson preferred a demand that before another trial thereof he should have his trial on the other charge. Judge De Belt ruled against him on this point yesterday morning.

## LAND OFFICE CASES.

Ed. S. Boyd was arraigned under his five indictments for embezzlement of public money while Commissioner of Public Lands. He was represented by S. F. Chillingworth and J. J. Dunne, and reserved his plea until Friday. Stephen Mahaulu, former chief clerk of the Land Office, arraigned under three indictments for embezzling public money, was allowed to reserve his plea until Thursday. He has not yet procured counsel.

## CONTEMPT CASE DISMISSED.

The Moana Hotel Co., Ltd., was cleared from an imputed contempt of court yesterday. An order to show cause in that regard had been taken out on Friday by plaintiff, Lewers & Cooke, Ltd., in the suit against the hotel corporation in which Mr. Deering, a guest of the hotel, had been summoned as garnishee. The contempt case was based on the non-production of account books, but Judge Robinson discharged the order for lack of service. E. G. Middleitch appeared for plaintiff, and C. W. Ashford for defendant.

## RIO VICTIM'S ESTATE.

The loss of the P. M. S. S. City of Rio de Janeiro at the Golden Gate, San Francisco, in the year 1904, was a fact taken judicial cognizance of by Judge Robinson yesterday. M. Okahara, a Japanese, was seen going aboard the ill-fated steamer, when she left Honolulu for the last time by K. Ono, one of his creditors. He never saw or heard of him again and now in court his petition for letters of administration on the estate of Okahara was granted under a bond of \$300. W. T. Rawlins appeared for the petitioner.

## CARTER ESTATE TROUBLES.

Yesterday had been set for hearing the petition of Edgar Henriques for the appointment of Henry W. Kinney as guardian of the minor children of the late Mrs. Margaret V. Carter of Makoa, Oahu, pending an appeal to the Supreme Court.

## WHAT IT WILL DO.

A woman buys a sewing machine for what it will do; not as an article of furniture. A man carries a watch to tell him the time; not as an investment of surplus capital. The same principle when one is ill: We want the medicine or the treatment which will relieve and cure. The friend in need must be a friend indeed, something, or somebody, with a reputation. There should be no guesswork in treating disease. People have the right to know what a medicine is, and what it will do, before they take it. It must have behind it an open record of benefit to others for the same diseases, a series of cures that proves its merit and inspires confidence. It is because it has such a record that WAMPOL'S PREPARATION is bought and used without hesitation or doubt. Its Good Name is the solid basis for the faith the people have in it; and a good name has to be earned by good deeds. It does what you have a right to expect it to do. It is palatable as honey and contains all the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, combined with the compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wheat. In Scrofula, Anemia, Nervous and General Debility, Indigestion and Wasting Consumption, it is to be thoroughly relied upon. Doctor J. L. Carrick says: "I have had remarkable success with it in the treatment of Consumption, Chronic Bronchitis, Catarrh and Scrofulous Affections. It is of special value in cases of debility and depraved appetite, and stimulates the appetite and the digestion, promotes assimilation, and restores directly into the circulation with the food. I consider it a marvellous success in medicine. Every dose effective. You cannot be disappointed in it." Sold by chemists throughout the world.

preme Court of Mrs. Joanne K. Kaas from an order dismissing her as executrix of the dead woman's estate. C. W. Ashford made a special appearance for Mrs. Kaas, claiming that summons had not been served upon her. Thereupon Judge Robinson continued the hearing until today.

## MRS. HAALELEA'S ESTATE.

The last will and testament of Anna-detta Amoy Haaalelea, deceased, was admitted to probate by Judge Robinson, who appointed Charles Amoy Monsarrat and Elizabeth Renjes, as nominated in the will, to be executrices. The executrices forthwith filed their personal bond in the sum of \$15,750, the will directing that they should not be required to furnish any surety or sureties on their bonds. Humes & Stanley represented the petitioners.

## VARIOUS PROBATE MATTERS.

Represented by E. A. Douthitt, the petition of L. Schweitzer to admit to probate the will of Samuel Sacha, with himself as executor named therein, was granted by Judge Robinson. In accordance with the request of the testator, a bond was not required.

Judge Robinson granted leave to Virginia Gomes, executrix, to sell real estate of the late Francisco Gomes Capela for the purpose of paying the estate's debts. Thayer & Hemenway appeared for petitioner.

C. F. Peterson was appointed by Judge Robinson as administrator of the estate of Poipe Kamuo under bond of \$500.

Judge Robinson approved the accounts and granted the discharge of W. O. Smith as administrator of the estate of Eibel P. N. Gay, deceased.

## INJUNCTION AND APPEAL.

Judge Gear yesterday signed a decree and permanent injunction against the Mutual Telephone Co., Ltd., its officers, servants and agents, whereby they were "strictly enjoined and commanded to desist from discontinuing, disconnecting or in any wise interfering with the telephone service of Sidney M. Ballou, the plaintiff herein, on any pretext whatever, under penalty of being adjudged in contempt of court."

By its attorneys, Smith & Lewis, the respondent immediately filed an appeal from the decree and injunction to the Supreme Court.

# LESLIE IS REMEDILESS

## Bankruptcy Proceedings Against Young Nap Dismissed.

Judge S. B. Dole, in the United States District Court, rendered two decisions yesterday.

In the suit of George Leslie, a licensed mate, against the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Co. for \$20,000 damages on account of breach of contract for constant employment and promotion, he dismissed the libel. The law of the case found, as applicable to ordinary contracts for hiring, is as follows:

"The parties may bind themselves by contract, but where they have made no contract for a stipulated time the employee may leave when he wishes and the employer may discharge when he pleases."

J. J. Dunne for libellant; Smith & Lewers for libellee.

## ALLEGED BANKRUPT RELEASED.

The other case was the petition of Hoffschlager Co. to have Young Nap adjudicated a bankrupt, alleging concealment of goods and removal of property. In dismissing the petition and ordering judgment for the respondent, the court decided that the respondent was a farmer and, according to law, not liable to be put into bankruptcy. Besides, there was nothing in the case to show that the respondent must have known that the property which he was taking away amounted to an actual attempt to hinder, delay and defraud his creditors. Thayer & Hemenway for petitioner; E. M. Watson and C. W. Ashford for respondent.

Young Nap, with his wife, children and effects, was snatched from a steamship just sailing for China at the institution of the proceedings against him.

## NATURALIZATION.

John A. Rothwell, England, was made a citizen of the United States by Judge Dole at yesterday's session.

An organ recital will be given at the German Lutheran Church on Thursday, May 15. The organ feature to be organ recital, and will be given by Grand Organist, Mr. J. M. Watson. The organ recital will be given at 8 o'clock, and will be a most successful one. Every one is invited to attend. The organ recital will be given at 8 o'clock, and will be a most successful one. Every one is invited to attend.

# PARKER RANCH DISPUTE TAKES A DAY IN COURT

## Magoon Argues That Sam. Parker Has Absolute Control of the Property--Carter's Historical Return.

"All of the court day" before Judge Gear yesterday was occupied with the Parker Ranch contest. This was on an injunction suit entered late Friday by Samuel Parker against Alfred W. Carter, to enjoin and restrain the respondent from interfering with the management of the ranch and from entering or trespassing upon the premises. The occasion was Carter's refusal to surrender the management of the property to Eben P. Low, who was appointed as manager by Mr. Parker and went to take the place.

As already reported by the Advertiser, Mr. Carter brought suit, as guardian of Annie T. K. Parker, a minor and half-owner of the Parker Ranch, before Judge Edings at Kailua for partition of the property between Samuel Parker and his client, two days in advance of Parker's suit here. Carter's petition was also for an injunction, to restrain Parker, through Eben P. Low or anybody else, from interfering with his management pending the determination of the suit. This priority of action on Carter's part raised a question of jurisdiction in Parker's suit, but though coming up in the pleadings it had not been ruled on by Judge Gear when the court rose for the day.

Plaintiff was represented at yesterday's hearing by J. Alfred Magoon and J. Lightfoot, with Fred Wundenberg, trustee of Parker, present. Defendant's counsel were Arthur A. Wilder of Robertson & Wilder, W. A. Kinney of Kinney, McClanahan & Cooper, and B. M. Ballou and P. Anderson of Hatch & Ballou.

Mr. Magoon argued for the petition well into the afternoon. He laid great stress on the contention that Samuel Parker, after the death of John P. Parker the elder, was the sole surviving partner of the partnership owning the ranch and as such, according to the law books, entitled to supreme control. Any heir or heirs had the privilege, on the death of the other partner, to take the proper course for having the partnership affairs settled and receiving his or their portion or portions of the proceeds of the property. This had not been done in the case of the Parker Ranch partnership, therefore the partnership continued but the heir was only entitled to her share of the income along with her right of ownership in the property. Evidence was easy to produce of similar cases where a sole surviving partner carried on the business of the partnership, without any participation by the heirs of the dead partner in the control and management. They simply drew their share of the profits, while the partnership was perpetual until the ordinary procedure was adopted for winding it up.

Mr. Parker's attorney also dwelt on the absurdity of an employee's resisting dismissal by an employer. Warning up he became denunciatory of the tactics employed by the respondent, going so far as to use the adjective "diabolical" in characterizing a portion of the other side's pleadings.

## MR. BALLOU REPLIES.

Mr. Ballou followed in reply. He spoke until adjournment, taking up the various points offered by the plaintiff. The speaker ridiculed the claim of an everlasting partnership, asking how a partnership with a dead man could be held irrevocable. Through her lawful guardian in minority the heir in this case might, at any time, demand a partition of the estate and a winding-up of the partnership.

## CARTER'S RETURN.

Mr. Carter early in the hearing filed his return to the summons, stating the fact of his petition to the Third Circuit Court for partition of the estate. A lengthy affidavit was attached, in which the respondent pointed out the bad state of affairs that would be produced by the granting of the injunction against him. Mr. Parker's nominee as manager, Low, was at that very time obeying the injunction issued by Judge Edings in the partition suit of affiant. He was entirely refraining from interfering with the management of the property. Now, if the affiant, Carter, were similarly enjoined there would be nobody at all in responsible control of the Parker Ranch. From this point Mr. Carter goes on as follows with a history of his relation to the Parker Ranch:

## CARTER'S POSITION.

That affiant has had sole possession, charge and management of said Parker Ranch with full knowledge and consent and cooperation of the said Samuel Parker for over twenty years. That the business of the said Parker Ranch has been conducted in accordance with established routine, and that full protection is being afforded to all the property both of the minor Annie T. K. Parker and said Samuel Parker, comprising the said Parker Ranch, and that affiant has no desire, plan or purpose to deviate in the future from the established methods heretofore adopted by him in the care and management of said ranch. Affiant, on the contrary, pleading himself that the said ranch shall be handled in the usual and customary way, that nothing will be done that can possibly harm or injure the interests of those concerned in said property; that affiant's plan and purpose, has been to continue Parker Ranch as heretofore conducted as long as the same was agreeable to the said Samuel Parker, and up to within ten days ago affiant had no reason to believe but that he was acting in full accord with the wishes and desires of said Samuel Parker in the conduct of said ranch.

That affiant has continually consulted with said Samuel Parker and placed at his disposal every record and detail of ranch work, and consulted said Samuel Parker in the conduct of said Parker Ranch when any step was about to be taken which affiant thought said Samuel Parker might desire to be informed of or upon which said Samuel Parker might desire to give advice, but now that said Samuel Parker and Trustee have evidenced their desire to terminate the arrangements under which said Ranch has been conducted by affiant as aforesaid nothing is left to affiant but to secure as quickly and peaceably as possible a partition and division, whereby affiant can secure a severance and delivery to himself of the share or interest of said Annie T. K. Parker in said Parker Ranch, affiant firmly believing that it will be disastrous to the interests of said minor to have her affairs left in the control and at the disposition of the said Samuel Parker or any other person under the control of said Samuel Parker.

That affiant believes that said Samuel Parker has been aware of his affiant's position in the premises; and affiant's sole purpose in bringing the proceedings for a partition is to secure the segregation of said minor's interest as soon as possible. That affiant believes it his duty to resist and has been advised to resist the turning over of the control of the property and assets of said minor to the said Samuel Parker or to his agents. That affiant as in his bill of complaint alleged would not accept the guardianship of the property of said minor, though thereto requested by said Samuel Parker, until said Samuel Parker had specifically pledged himself to affiant and promised that affiant should have the control and management of said Parker Ranch in the interests of said minor, and now that the said Samuel Parker and his Trustee F. Wundenberg have signified their desire to terminate said management and control, affiant believes it equitable, just and right that he should be allowed to continue the management and control of said property until, and only until he can secure a severance of the interests of said minor as aforesaid; and affiant here and now offers to assent to any reasonable partition and division of the property heretofore known as the Parker Ranch that can be arrived at by amicable agreement outside of Court between the parties entitled thereto.

Affiant further states that all of the property known as the Parker Ranch, including the live stock and all of the property named and referred to in the bill of complaint herein is situate on the island of Hawaii and that none of it is on the island of Oahu or within the immediate jurisdiction of this Court. That affiant has never understood that he was an employee of Samuel Parker and never received orders from said Samuel Parker as his employee nor during the entire term of his management of said Ranch has the said Samuel Parker ever claimed or hinted at such relation between affiant and Samuel Parker. That affiant from the first insisted that the Guardian of Annie T. K. Parker by virtue of such guardianship should have the control of the Parker Ranch, but that affiant would consult and advise with the said Samuel Parker in reference thereto, and that the foregoing understanding has been carefully observed by affiant; and affiant as a matter of fact can say that during his management of said Ranch, no differences have arisen between them, i. e., said affiant and said Samuel Parker, as to the management of said Ranch, said Samuel Parker repeatedly indicating affiant's management of said ranch and affiant's relations and conduct toward him, the said Samuel Parker often telling affiant that people were coming to him with tales against affiant, but that he, the said Samuel Parker, knew there was nothing in these complaints. That at no time during affiant's management of said Ranch has the said Samuel Parker hinted or suggested that the partnership that existed between himself and John P. Parker, the second, had not been wound up and settled, nor has the said Samuel Parker ever suggested that during affiant's management of said Ranch he, the said Samuel Parker, had any right or control over said ranch or the management thereof as sole surviving partner of said partnership; and that the suggestion affiant had of such a proposition came to him in correspondence with the Trustee of said Samuel Parker, which said correspondence is attached to affiant's bill of complaint as an exhibit thereof.

Affiant denies that he ever received possession of this property from said Samuel Parker, but, as a matter of fact, at the time of affiant's appointment, said property and its management was in exclusive charge and control of P. C. Jones and Godfrey Brown, Trustees of said Samuel Parker, and of the interests of said John P. Parker now vested in said minor; and that affiant, by virtue of his guardianship, received possession of said property of said Annie T. K. Parker.

That as shown by the court records, to wit: Probate Records of the Estate of John P. Parker (the second) No. 3770 of the Supreme Court, of the Hawaiian Islands, which are hereby referred to, it appears that the said John P. Parker (the second) died November 22, A. D. 1891, and that the said Samuel Parker and one W. F. Allen duly qualified as executors of the will of John P. Parker (the second), who was the same person alleged by the said Samuel Parker in his complaint herein to have been the partner of him, the said Samuel Parker; and that said Probate Records further show that the said Samuel Parker and W. F. Allen wound up and administered the Estate of said John P. Parker (the second), claiming to have collected in all sums of money and assets due and owing said Estate, and to have paid and discharged all liabilities of decedent to third parties, and by reasons of said representations applied for and received their discharge as such executors. That affiant presents herewith one of the originals of the trust deed made by the said Samuel Parker to his Trustee F. Wundenberg, dated the 17th day of June, 1902, under which said Wundenberg is acting and by virtue of which the title to all of the estate of said Samuel Parker in and to the Parker Ranch is vested in said Wundenberg subject to certain trusts and for the benefit of himself and third parties in said trust deed fully named and set forth.

That affiant, though aware that said Samuel Parker strictly had no right to be consulted in reference to the management of said Parker Ranch since the date of said trust deed, has continued his relations with said Samuel Parker as they existed prior to the making of said trust deed out of courtesy to the said Samuel Parker and with the knowledge and acquiescence of his said Trustee but not in any manner so as to oppose or conflict with the terms and provisions of said trust deed.

attached to affiant's bill of complaint as an exhibit thereof. Affiant denies that he ever received possession of this property from said Samuel Parker, but, as a matter of fact, at the time of affiant's appointment, said property and its management was in exclusive charge and control of P. C. Jones and Godfrey Brown, Trustees of said Samuel Parker, and of the interests of said John P. Parker now vested in said minor; and that affiant, by virtue of his guardianship, received possession of said property of said Annie T. K. Parker. That as shown by the court records, to wit: Probate Records of the Estate of John P. Parker (the second) No. 3770 of the Supreme Court, of the Hawaiian Islands, which are hereby referred to, it appears that the said John P. Parker (the second) died November 22, A. D. 1891, and that the said Samuel Parker and one W. F. Allen duly qualified as executors of the will of John P. Parker (the second), who was the same person alleged by the said Samuel Parker in his complaint herein to have been the partner of him, the said Samuel Parker; and that said Probate Records further show that the said Samuel Parker and W. F. Allen wound up and administered the Estate of said John P. Parker (the second), claiming to have collected in all sums of money and assets due and owing said Estate, and to have paid and discharged all liabilities of decedent to third parties, and by reasons of said representations applied for and received their discharge as such executors. That affiant presents herewith one of the originals of the trust deed made by the said Samuel Parker to his Trustee F. Wundenberg, dated the 17th day of June, 1902, under which said Wundenberg is acting and by virtue of which the title to all of the estate of said Samuel Parker in and to the Parker Ranch is vested in said Wundenberg subject to certain trusts and for the benefit of himself and third parties in said trust deed fully named and set forth.

## PLANTATION GOES CHEAP

Maui Sugar Co. Estate  
Knocked Down at  
\$50,000.

At the Judiciary building yesterday noon James F. Morgan, commissioner of court, sold at public auction under foreclosure of mortgage the entire assets of the Maui Sugar Co., Ltd. The mortgage with interest, etc., amounted to \$151,590.14, but the property fell to the initial bid of \$50,000. This was given by F. A. Schaefer in the name of F. A. Schaefer & Co. Mr. Schaefer's partners, H. Focke and W. Lanz, were also in attendance, others present being Geo. R. Ewart and Mr. Watt, the well-known sugar planters, A. A. Wilder of the mortgagee's attorneys, L. M. Vetter, some of the Chinese stockholders in the foreclosed corporation and a few others. Besides the sugar mill, implements, live stock and leaseholds, the sale included sugar on hand and in transit to market valued at \$30,000.

Mr. Schaefer, in answer to a question after the sale, said he was afraid his firm would not continue the operation of the property as a sugar estate. "It would probably be only a losing proposition," he added.

## LAST DAY OF ART LEAGUE EXHIBIT

This is the last day of the Kilauea Art League exhibition. The rooms still show the taste displayed by Mrs. Tenney and Miss Parke in decoration, and some half dozen pictures bear the mark "sold" with prospect of others doing so before the exhibition closes this evening. A special feature at this time is the collection of book plates, No. 60, by Mrs. Albertine Randall Wheelan. Connoisseurs have pronounced upon their originality and execution, and they need no higher recommendation than to say that Mrs. Wheelan recently closed an exhibition of her work at the rooms of Vickery, Atkins and Torrey, in San Francisco. Illustrations by her hand may also be found on the pages of St. Nicholas. Mr. Hitchcock has transferred his brush from tropical to arctic scenes. It is to be hoped that at another time he will send us a glimpse of warmth again in the hues of the autumnal foliage preceding the snows by which he is here represented. His studio in New York affords many memories of home to his Hawaiian friends there. The ceramics of Mrs. Robert More look most effective in the glass case which fills an attractive corner. Miss Parke has very little on the walls at this time, but her Sunrise on Mauna Kea is very much admired.

# MAUI JURY DISMISSED

## Kepoikai Excuses for Rest of Term--No Reason Yet Stated.

There is no jury operating at Maui although the term of court started only last Wednesday. Clerk Goebel of the Second Circuit Court under Judge A. N. Kepoikai, sent a message yesterday to Attorney General Andrews by wireless telegraphy which read as follows: "By order of court all jurors excused for this term. Give news to papers." Deputy Attorney General E. C. Peters left last week to act as prosecuting officer and J. M. Vivas of Honolulu also attended the term in the interests of clients. The grand jury reported last Thursday afternoon after two days' work, having brought in several true bills. The trial jury when last heard from were working on the case of the Territory of Hawaii vs. W. L. Moesman, W. Bailey and W. Miner for robbery while the petit jury was expected to finish its work this week. Everything was apparently in working order when the as yet unexplained order of the court was issued.

Attorney General Andrews is at a loss to understand why the hindrance have occurred unless it was for lack of money. "Judge Kepoikai told me before he left," said Mr. Andrews, "that he was afraid he would not be able to get through the term with the small amount he had, a matter in which I could duly sympathize as the Attorney General's Department is in the same fix." He added that he would do the best he could and as he had some \$300 I hardly expected he would call a halt as soon as this. But I cannot surmise any other reason. I have heard nothing from Mr. Peters who went there to prosecute."

## GARDEN ISLE PEOPLE THANKED FOR KINDNESS

The Sabbath School Association expresses its thanks to the people of Kauai for the generous hospitality extended to its members during the recent convention of the Hawaiian Evangelical Association on the Garden Isle. The following resolution was passed by the Sabbath School Association:

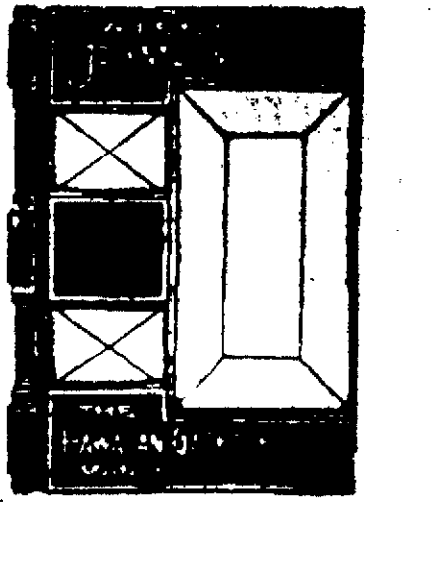
"Though humanity is one, yet the manner of manifesting the emotions of the heart is very different in different individuals. The law of love is the banner we all carry, but the love and bounty shown towards the members of the Sabbath School Association in the hospitality extended to them by the people of Kauai o Manakalanipo, as foreboded upon the program of the Hawaiian Evangelical Association, is exceptional; therefore it is Resolved, That the members of the Sabbath School Association of Hawaii render heartfelt thanks for the many comforts and pleasures both of board and lodging and of picnicking, and the visit to the waterfalls of Waialeale. And we pray the richest blessings may rest upon these children of the Heavenly Father, and that, in the Providence of God, we may be permitted to meet again.

May God bless you all.  
(Signed) L. K. KAKANI,  
Secretary of the Sabbath School Association.

## Supt. Holloway on Hawaii.

Superintendent of Public Works C. A. Holloway with Guy Gere left the Kilauea at Kawaihae on their official trip and rode overland to Hilo by way of Kona and Kau.

Joe Riley, who announces himself as the heavyweight amateur champion of Boston, says he is anxious to fight any man in the islands, and claims he has the money to back up his challenge. Mr. Riley says that a fistful club management is willing to have him fight but first want to see him in a try-out. He will therefore give an exhibition of his ability on Wednesday afternoon at the Healan Boat House at 3:30 o'clock with a "man of repute" as his opponent.





## WLO MAN WOULD ADOPT GIRL BABY

NEW YORK, June 1.—Unhappy is Daniel Bidwell of Hilo, Hawaii, a man of education and refinement. He inserted an advertisement in a local paper as follows:

"One hundred dollars will be paid to any man who will tell me where there is a healthy and attractive girl two or three years old that I can adopt. This child must have refined features, with no indication of foreign parentage. Address Mr. Bidwell, room 58, Cosmopolitan Hotel, or call any morning between 7 and 9 o'clock."

Bidwell said tonight that he regretted the adventure. He admitted he wanted a girl baby; so did his wife. Since the publication of the advertisement there has been an extra clerk at the hotel to assort the mail. Men with furtive eyes have wandered about the corridor before approaching the clerks with a whisper. Bidwell has taken his mail quietly to his room. Still he cannot escape the persons who call with a view to telling him where he can get an infant such as he desires.

"I did see a baby girl this afternoon that I liked very much, and I am going to see her again tomorrow. She meets the requirements as far as I can tell," said Bidwell.

Bidwell fears the newspaper reports of his advertisement will reach his friends in Hawaii.

## LAHAINALUNA SCHOOL HOLDS COMMENCEMENT

HAUL, June 11.—The commencement of Lahainaluna School took place last Wednesday morning, June 8. A large number of visitors were present. The program was as follows: Chorus by the School.

"Louisiana Exposition," Mandolin Club; "A Heroine of Lahaina," Mina Brown; Chorus—"Hail to Our Beautiful Queen," School; Essay—"Lahainaluna," E. L. White; "Hunting Chorus," School; Address, Judge Kahaleliu; "Creole Belles," Mandolin Club; Chorus—"Hold Your Head Up Like a Man," School; Address, Inspector Charles E. King; Chorus—"Song That We Never Forget," School; "Hawatha," Mandolin Club; Presentation of Diplomas, C. A. MacDonald; Hawaii Pono.

The exercises in which the students took part were quite interesting and highly creditable. Judge Kahaleliu made an eloquent address in Hawaiian, which was interpreted by Senator White. In the course of well chosen remarks Principal MacDonald presented Samuel White with the diploma of the school, as he has completed the course of study with distinction.

The field and track athletics in the afternoon were a brilliant success; and a beautiful luau was subsequently enjoyed by the many visitors on the hill. The boys have had little practice in athletics, but made remarkably good records.

### Smart Trip From Islands.

The brig Geneva, which left Mahukona twelve days ago for this port, was sighted off the Farallones at 3:40 yesterday afternoon. If she does not get into port for several days she will have made the best passage recorded for some time. The barkentine S. G. Wilder, which arrived yesterday from Honolulu, was twenty-one days coming from the island port.—Call, June 3.

### Honolulu Packets Arrive.

The barkentine Coronado and the bark Olympic, loaded with sugar from Hawaiian ports, arrived yesterday. The Coronado, Captain Potter, was twenty-three days coming up from Honolulu. She brought a few passengers and 22,405 bags of sugar. The Olympic, nineteen days from Kaanapali, brought 38,000 bags of sugar.—Call, June 4.



It's Consumption

The best present you can take home is a bottle of

## Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

It quiets the cough, makes breathing easy, and heals the lungs. And it cures, even advanced cases. Make no mistake. Be sure and get Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, the standard cough remedy of the world. Sold for 60 years. Beware of imitations.

Is large and small bottles. Avoid counterfeits. Hastes a cure by the use of Ayer's Pils.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

ROLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.



1. Stanley and his Retinue in Africa, 1872.
2. Stanley's Warfare with Unfriendly Tribes: Burning Villages in Majamboni's Country December 11, 1887.
3. Sir Henry M. Stanley Finding Emin Pasha at Kavalli, on the Albert Nyanza, April 29, 1888.
4. The Finding of Livingstone: The Contemporary "Illustrated London News" Picture, Endorsed by Stanley "As Correct as it Photographed."

## THE LATE SIR H. M. STANLEY, AND INCIDENTS OF HIS CAREER.

## HILO'S "CHEERFUL LIAR" ON REAL ESTATE DEALS

The "Cheerful Liar" who has resumed his interesting chats in the Hilo Herald after a lapse caused by indisposition, has the following remarks to offer on the visit of Superintendent Holloway to the big island and the question of the cutting of school teachers' salaries:

"When Mr. Holloway comes up here officially he will learn a thing or two that will surprise him. As a visitor a few years ago he was not particularly interested in the place and did not look after its needs. With a few thousand trying to break out of the loan fund the conditions are changed and as he is now a government official he will see where it will do the most good."

"I am always glad to see the head of the public works department come up here," said the Cheerful Liar, "because something good always follows. It has not always come to Hilo because there was seldom anything left when the official got back to Honolulu. The good I refer to went mainly to the people who had land here that was wanted for street widening. There are instances where people of Honolulu got some choice pieces of Hilo real estate in exchange for bum land that had been used down there in street widening. I think Carter has put a stop to that sort of thing and there will be little if any of it done in the future. Those deals smelled high unto heaven."

"There has been talk about the teachers leaving on account of the cut in their salaries," said the Cheerful Liar, "though when the time comes they may back out. As they are under contract for a certain period and at a certain salary they feel that the government has no right to make reductions in the middle of the game. Some of the salaries should not have been reduced but there are others that would bear it. All right and still be much higher than is paid anywhere in the United States for the same service. As I remember it the hours were longer in the public schools when I was a boy than they are now in Hawaii and there was more work to do. Of course methods are changing all the time and I presume the schools are not an exception. Professor Scott's idea that the salaries should be kept up by private subscription is, in my opinion, a mistake. It would be a species of charity that the teachers would resent. In another year the trouble will be straightened out and the salaries will be restored to their original figures even if the governor has to sacrifice the band."

**CHOLERA INFANTUM.**—This has long been regarded as one of the most dangerous and fatal diseases to which infants are subject. It can be cured, however, when properly treated. All that is necessary is to give Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and castor oil as directed, with each bottle, and a cure is certain. Since this remedy has come into such general use, there are very few deaths from cholera infantum, and none whatever when it is given. For sale by all Dealers and Druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

## Six Prize Stories

FROM THE LITERARY BRANCH OF

## The KILOHANA ART LEAGUE

A neat and interesting souvenir of Hawaii, neatly gotten up and handsomely bound.

The stories are ALL HAWAIIAN, having a distinct island flavor and apart from its value as a souvenir the book is an interesting one.

FOR SALE BY

The Hawaiian Gazette Co.

PRICE 25 CENTS

STAGE 10 CENTS EXTRA

## NEGROES IN NEW YORK SHOW AUDACIOUS FRONT

NEW YORK, June 4.—A charge by police reserves has been necessary to drive away thousands of persons blocking Central Park west in front of the home of Hannah Elias, the octroon, who is charged by John R. Platt, an aged millionaire manufacturer, with having secured from him by blackmail nearly \$700,000 in cash and real estate. Mounted police headed the charge and they were compelled to use extreme measures in order to drive off the crowd which was composed largely of negroes, friendly to the woman.

Mrs. Elias has been besieged in her splendid residence by deputies seeking to serve a warrant since suit was begun by Platt. As it is a civil case, the officers are not empowered to break in the doors, so they have waited about patiently expecting the woman to attempt an escape. Meantime scores of private detectives, employed by numerous persons interested in the case, have stationed themselves near by, shadowing all who enter or leave the house, and serve as an added attraction to the curious.

Finally, the crowd became so dense that Central Park West was packed a block in both directions. From the sullen attitude of the negroes it is surmised that they, or at least some of the leaders, had an idea of protecting Mrs. Elias should she endeavor to leave the house. When the police reserves were called the negroes became extremely sullen and were driven away with much difficulty, jeering and insulting the white men as they went. No one was injured.

### MARRIED IN ROME.

ROME, June 4.—Miss Nellie Crum, of San Francisco, was married today to Lieutenant Ralph I. Pope, of the United States battleship Wisconsin.

### WOUNDS HEAL QUICKLY.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 4.—The War Office has received no fresh news from Liaotung. Since the receipt of General Stoessel's report, the General Staff is convinced that the Japanese losses in the fighting about Kin Chou were greater than officially admitted. It is known that only the very seriously wounded were included in that category. There are indications that both of the commanders are pursuing this plan, as the wounds made by the small calibre, high velocity bullets used in modern warfare, unless they reach a vital spot, heal quickly and in a few weeks most of the wounded men are again ready for active service.

### OF HISTORIC DESCENT.

NEW YORK, June 4.—Mrs. Polk, mother of the Baroness de Charette, is dead at Cannes, says a Herald dispatch from Paris. She was a descendant of William Penn, founder of Pennsylvania, and A. Polk, who fought in the Southern army in the war of secession. After peace was made he retired to Switzerland, where he died in 1867.

### STEAMSHIP COMPANY HIT HARD.

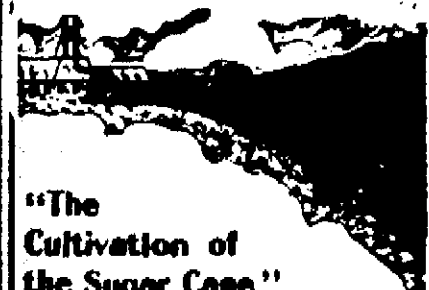
NEW YORK, June 4.—The Russian steamers owned by the Chinese Eastern Railroad Company, have been affected more adversely by the war than any other fleet, says a London dispatch to the Times, on the subject of vessel insurance. There were 17 vessels before hostilities began. Ten steamers have been lost and possibly more.

The Russians who abandoned Dalny are reported to have blown up the Zeeia, the Bureia and the Nagadan, and the Nonni was destroyed by a mine a few days ago. The last named was of 2,454 tons, while the others were under 1,000 tons each.

News has been received from time to time of the capture by the Japanese of the Amur, the Argun, the Manchuria, the Mukden, the Novik and the Schilka. Three of these vessels are now in the Japanese transport service.

# Read the Advertiser.

## World's News Daily.



## "The Cultivation of the Sugar Cane"

a treatise on the fundamental principles of growing Sugar Cane, should be in the hands of every planter. The value and use of

## Nitrate of Soda

(THE STANDARD AMMONIATE) in increasing and bettering the growth of Sugar Cane is now so well understood that the real profit in sugar growing may be said to depend upon its use.

This Book and other valuable Bulletins of value to every one engaged in agriculture, are sent entirely free to anyone interested. Send your name and complete address on Post Card.

Wm. S. Myers, Director, 12-16 John St., New York.

## CHAS. BREWER & CO'S. NEW YORK LINE

Bark Foohing Suey sailing from New York to Honolulu about Aug. 15. FREIGHT TAKEN AT LOWEST RATES.

For Freight Rates apply to CHAS. BREWER & CO., 21 Killy St., Boston, Or C. BREWER & CO., Ltd., Honolulu.

## Bomburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored thereon on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

## North German Marine Insur'ce Co. OF BREMEN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co. OF BREMEN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents.

## General Insurance Co. for Sea, River and Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

## "The Overland Limited"

ELECTRIC LIGHTED

## California

To the EAST via

## The Union Pacific

This Train is really a  
First-Class Modern Hotel

with Handsome Parlors, Drawing Rooms, Bed Chambers, Boudoirs, Libraries, Smoking and Reading Rooms, Barber Shops, Bath Rooms (hot and cold water), superbly appointed Dining Rooms, glittering with Mirrors, Cut Glass, Fragrant Flowers, Electric Candelabra, etc.; Promenades, Observation Rooms, Electric Lights, Electric Fans, Telephones, Electric Reading Lamps, Perfect Heat, etc.

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S. F. BOOTH,

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Omaha, Neb.



**IMPERIAL LIME**  
No 15-100 Per Cent Pure.  
The very best Lime and in the best containers.  
In Lots to Suit.  
Low Prices.

**CALIFORNIA FEED CO.**  
AGENTS.

**CASTLE & COOK CO., Ltd**  
HONOLULU.  
Commission Merchants  
SUGAR FACTORS.

AGENTS FOR  
The Ewa Plantation Company.  
The Waialua Agricultural Co., Ltd.  
The Kohala Cigar Company.  
The Waiwae Sugar Mill Company.  
The Fulton Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo.  
The Standard Oil Company.  
The George F. Blake Steam Pump & Water Works, Boston.  
The New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Boston.  
The Aetna Fire Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn.  
The Alliance Assurance Company, of London.

**INSURANCE.**  
**Theo. H. Davies & Co.**  
(Limited.)  
AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

**Northern Assurance Company**  
OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Established 1826.  
Accumulated Funds .... \$1,750,000.

**British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co**  
OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE.  
Capital ..... \$1,000,000.  
Reduction of Rates.  
Immediate Payment of Claims.

**THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.**  
AGENTS.

**Castle & Cooke, Ltd.**  
LIFE and FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS...

AGENTS FOR  
**New England Mutual Life Insurance Co**  
OF BOSTON.  
**Ytva Life Insurance Company**  
OF HARTFORD.

**CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY**  
The Famous Tourist Route of the World.  
In Connection With the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line  
Tickets are Issued  
To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

**MOUNTAIN RESORTS:**  
Bart, Glacier, Mount Stephens and Fraser Canon.

**Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver**  
Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to  
**THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.**  
Agents Canadian-Australian S. S. Line, Canadian Pacific Railway.

**THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY THERAPION.**  
This is a new and powerful remedy, which has been discovered by a French physician, and is now being sold in the United States. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of skin diseases, such as eczema, psoriasis, and leprosy. It is also a powerful remedy for all kinds of internal diseases, such as diabetes, gout, and rheumatism. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of nervous diseases, such as hysteria, neuritis, and epilepsy. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of general debility, such as anæmia, chlorosis, and neurasthenia. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of chronic diseases, such as tuberculosis, cancer, and syphilis. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of acute diseases, such as pneumonia, influenza, and diphtheria. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of surgical diseases, such as abscesses, fistulas, and ulcers. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of obstetric diseases, such as miscarriages, stillbirths, and puerperal fever. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of pediatric diseases, such as measles, mumps, and whooping cough. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of venereal diseases, such as gonorrhea, syphilis, and chancres. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of contagious diseases, such as cholera, typhoid, and dysentery. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of infectious diseases, such as malaria, yellow fever, and plague. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of parasitic diseases, such as malaria, yellow fever, and plague. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of degenerative diseases, such as senility, dementia, and paralysis. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of functional diseases, such as neurasthenia, hysteria, and epilepsy. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of organic diseases, such as diabetes, gout, and rheumatism. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of constitutional diseases, such as anæmia, chlorosis, and neurasthenia. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of hereditary diseases, such as syphilis, cancer, and tuberculosis. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of acquired diseases, such as pneumonia, influenza, and diphtheria. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of traumatic diseases, such as abscesses, fistulas, and ulcers. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of toxic diseases, such as poisoning by drugs, chemicals, and food. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of allergic diseases, such as hay fever, asthma, and eczema. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of autoimmune diseases, such as rheumatism, diabetes, and thyroid disease. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of infectious diseases, such as malaria, yellow fever, and plague. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of parasitic diseases, such as malaria, yellow fever, and plague. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of degenerative diseases, such as senility, dementia, and paralysis. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of functional diseases, such as neurasthenia, hysteria, and epilepsy. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of organic diseases, such as diabetes, gout, and rheumatism. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of constitutional diseases, such as anæmia, chlorosis, and neurasthenia. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of hereditary diseases, such as syphilis, cancer, and tuberculosis. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of acquired diseases, such as pneumonia, influenza, and diphtheria. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of traumatic diseases, such as abscesses, fistulas, and ulcers. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of toxic diseases, such as poisoning by drugs, chemicals, and food. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of allergic diseases, such as hay fever, asthma, and eczema. It is a powerful remedy for all kinds of autoimmune diseases, such as rheumatism, diabetes, and thyroid disease.

**INCREASE OF THE INSULAR TRADE**  
The N. Y. Sun has the following:  
To the Editor of the Sun: There is no denying the fact that our trade with our insular and non-contiguous territories has increased very largely, since the acquisition of those territories and is still increasing. The Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor has completed its record of this trade to March 31, so that the following interesting comparison can be made of the nine months of this fiscal year with the same period of 1898 fiscal year:

	1898.	1904.
Shipped to Hawaii	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 9,075,880
Porto Rico	1,371,125	3,360,883
Philippines	75,728	3,551,940
Alaska	.....	4,591,463
Received from Hawaii	10,954,889	14,612,650
Philippines	2,740,024	9,862,132
Porto Rico	785,124	6,561,974
Alaska, merchandise	.....	9,906,190
Alaska, gold—our own	.....	5,896,501
Guam and Tutuila	.....	123,870

The 1904 nine-months shipment to and receipts from, of merchandise only, aggregate \$28,775,433 (an increase over 1903 nine months of about \$2,900,000), which with the \$5,806,501 of American gold from Alaska form a total trade with these territories for 1904 nine months of \$34,581,934.

This result for the first three-quarters of this fiscal year assures us of a total trade of fully \$100,000,000 for the full year.

The chief value to the mainland of this trade is the exchange of merchandise. That means work for the factories of the mainland. In that direction the 1904 nine-months shipments to and from divide as follows:

Merchandise shipments from	\$41,038,457
Merchandise shipments to	25,678,968

Total merchandise shipments

When our books are closed for this fiscal year the total of merchandise shipments will be \$66,000,000 or more. Compare that with 1898, and bear in mind that we are only beginners in colonial development.

WALTER J. BALLARD,  
Schenectady, May 27.

**THE EFFICACY OF Chamberlain's Pain Balm** in the relief of rheumatism is being demonstrated daily. If troubled with this painful disease procure a bottle at once. One application relieves the pain. Sold by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

**The Chun-Chuses.**

The Chun-chuses, so frequently mentioned in despatches from the Far East are an organized band of Chinese outlaws, famed for their audacity, who have long been the terror of Manchuria. The Chun-chuses were deserters from Chinese mining camps, where they were compelled to work for poor pay and were half starved. They were organized by banished Mandarins who had taken refuge with them. It was ostensibly because of the depredations of these brigands that Russia occupied Manchuria in 1900.—Exchange.

**Evans on Battleships.**

As to the value of battleships Rear Admiral Evans, U. S. N., is quoted as follows: "This agitation against battleships is foolish. It can be best answered in the Yankee fashion by asking this question: How long would the Russian fleet stay in Port Arthur if there were no Japanese battleships outside? There is nothing that can replace the big battleships. I don't believe the Port Arthur fleet is crippled as badly as reported, but the Japanese will be masters of the sea for a long time."—Army and Navy Journal.

**READ ALL OF THIS**

You Never Know the Moment When This Information May Prove of Infinite Value.

(From the Sydney, N. S. W., Herald.) It is worth considerable to any citizen of Honolulu to know the value and use of a medicine, for if there is no occasion to employ it, in the meantime, frail humanity is subjected to so many influences and unforeseen contingencies that the wisest are totally unable to gauge the future. Know then that Doan's Ointment will cure any case of hemorrhoids, commonly known as piles, or any disease of the rectum or skin, generally termed eczema. One application convinces—a continuation cures. Read this proof:

Mr. William Gilliver, of the well-known firm of Gilliver & Curtis, railway and general contractors, and whose private address is "Arcoa," Banktown, a suburb of Sydney, N. S. W., has written the following unsolicited letter, which we herewith publish in full:

Messrs. Foster, McClellan Co., 78 Pitt St., Sydney, N. S. W., February 14, 1899.  
Dear Sirs:—In justice to you and suffering humanity I write to say that I suffered from itching piles for 23 years. I tried many doctors and pretty well all kinds of patent medicines, but got relief for a short time only. Seeing your Ointment advertised, I bought a pot and did not use more than one-half of it, not six months ago, and I am perfectly cured. You may use this as you wish.

Yours faithfully,  
W. GILLIVER.

**COMMERCIAL NEWS**

In a letter to the Advertiser, A. Sumter probably reflects the opinions of a great many people on the present depressed condition of sugar stocks, which he characterizes as "abnormal" and looking "like an unscrupulous attempt to squeeze out small investors, some of whom are women and others mechanics and small farmers." Mr. Sumter gives the following examples of what appears to him an anomalous state of affairs:

"Kihei plantation has a crop of about 5500 tons of sugar, which at \$3.75 per hundred pounds, which is less than the present quotations, would sell for \$412,500. Four dollars per share is offered for the stock, which, if the plantation were sold for that price, would be \$200,000 for the whole plantation. Half of the acreage on this plantation—land that could not be used on account of altitude and lack of water to irrigate—sold recently for \$500,000. The remaining half, which includes all the improvements of a first-class plantation, excepting the mill alone, is certainly worth at least twice as much as the portion sold, or \$1,000,000, which would be \$200.00 a share."

"Olaa plantation will sell its present crop for approximately \$1,800,000. At the price offered for the stock, \$3.00 per share, the whole plantation would sell for \$750,000, much less than half the value of the present crop of sugar."

"McBryde plantation's present crop of sugar will sell for perhaps \$1,000,000, yet if the place were sold at the prices now being offered for the stock, the plantation would sell for only \$437,500."

Mr. Sumter concludes with a rather plain intimation that there are persons with power to prevent the present conditions who, themselves, are "continuing to depress the value of sugar stocks."

The complaint thus voiced takes no account of the conditions that have prevailed in the sugar industry for the past three or four years. Neither does it consider the fact that the three examples given are all of new sugar enterprises, whose initial difficulties have been greatly increased by the low price of sugar that has obtained since they began producing. The cost of their development and machinery installation bears heavily on their finances, all the more that expectations of returns from crops have been defeated by the low state of the world's sugar market. Added to these depressing conditions has been the alarm, happily now found to have less cause than at first thought, of a new cane pest.

It is not the small investor, particularly the one who bought sugar stocks on speculation in the boom, who, apart from actually unfavorable conditions, is mainly responsible for the present low prices of stocks? In many cases the small investor put not only his surplus cash into sugar stocks, but staked practically all his living resources in the game. He bought either to sell on a rising market or with the fond hope that the shares would fall instead of rise, while there were so many like him that the stock market fell instead of rose, while the expenses of starting new plantations and the low price of sugar each had its part in disappointing expectations of purely investment purposes. Buyers of assessable stocks who had deficient reserves for meeting the calls had to let them go by default to the auction block. The banks became loaded with shares as collateral until their own safety and that of the business community dictated a shutting down on that line of accommodation.

Now, as was stated last week, there is a renewed demand for plantation stocks from large capitalists. It is for considerable blocks, however, and not the little parcels that are available through the distress of the small investor. At the same time the demand will tend to make it safe for brokers to assemble small lots at asked rates for reselling in the blocks required. Therefore an influence is already operating to advance prices and being a natural influence it is a healthy one. The fact that the difficulty increases day by day is a cheering sign. Bankers and brokers are as much the creatures of circumstances as the small investors of whom Mr. Sumter is a spokesman. Their interest cannot lie in depressing the situation but entirely the contrary. One broker seen by the writer of this article before he had read Mr. Sumter's communication expressed himself substantially in the following terms, and his views bear the stamp of ingenuous sympathy with the feelings of the general public:

"People are anxious enough to get stock at the old figures. There is a good, strong underground feeling in the stock market. The improving conditions, with prospects of good crops, cause people to hold on who for some time past have been ready to give up their holdings. It is therefore more difficult to bring buyer and seller together. We will undoubtedly feel the benefit of a good crop with higher prices. People having collateral that will not bring the face value of the notes are inclined to wait for the expected improvement rather than sacrifice the securities at the old prices."

**TRANSACTIONS.**

The large deal in Kahuku reported here a week ago as pending was closed by Halstead & Co. on Thursday, the price being \$18. Following the announcement of that transaction at the board on Friday, Halstead & Co., the same afternoon, completed a deal of 1000 shares of Olaa at \$3. There have been sales of Paia and Haiku 6 p. c. bonds at par the past week. It was stated last week that further Coast orders for Waialua at \$40, the price of an order just satisfied, could not be filled. The asking figure is now \$42½. Kahuku has shaded up under the demand and there is little doubt that several other stocks will soon be responding to the cheering influences now operating.

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

Old Hawaiian Government 5 per cent. bonds to the amount of \$10,000, in the hands of a single holder, will be redeemed at the end of the month. The money comes from public land sales and its application to this purpose is obligatory by statute, a fact that disposes of the objection heard that there is more need of the money for necessary public services—this apart from the importance of punctuality in meeting the Territory's pledged obligations. Loan fund expenditures for public improvements are now being outlaid upon the four principal islands, which cannot fail to improve times for the people in general. Real estate matters are quiet. Quite a little building of moderate-priced dwellings in both town and suburbs is to be noted. The foreclosure announced of the Island Realty Co., is an event indicative to some extent of an overdoing of the suburban development business which was contemporaneous with the general boom incident to annexation.

**Historical Honolulu**  
OR A CENTURY OF  
**HAWAIIAN EVOLUTION.**

This valuable record of the most important events in the History of Honolulu for the past hundred years was compiled and published at great expense in 1899. Its historical and descriptive articles are by the very best recognized authorities on Island matters and are handed from absolutely impartial standpoints. It is finely illustrated and contains portraits and biographical sketches of the principal business and professional men of the Islands. This is a publication that no student of Hawaiian History can afford to be without. A limited number of copies still for sale by The Hawaiian Gazette Co., Ltd.

**Substantial Leather Binding**  
\$1.00 per Copy  
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**CUTICURA**  
REMEDIES  
**THE SET**

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin, CUTICURA Ointment, to heal the skin, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool the blood, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin, scalp, and blood humours, rashes, Itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when the best physicians, and all other remedies fail.

**Millions of Women Use Cuticura Soap**

Exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for smothering irritations, itches, rashes, and chafes, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sensitive antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP all ONE PREPARE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the best toilet and best baby soap in the world. Sold throughout the world. "All about the Skin," post free of Aust. Depot: E. TOWNS & CO., Sydney, N. S. W. So. African Depot: LACKHON LTD., Cape Town. FOSTER DRUGS AND CHEM. CO., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

**DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.**  
ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.  
Each Bottle of this well-known Remedy for  
**Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Toothache, Diarrhoea, Spasms, etc.,**  
bears on the Government Stamp the name of the Inventor  
**DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE.**  
Numerous Testimonials from Eminent Physicians accompany each bottle.  
Sold in Bottles, 1/6, 2/6, 4/6, by all Chemists.  
Sole Manufacturers, T. DAVENPORT, Limited, London.

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**THE SUNDAY ADVERTISER**

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MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND HUMOROUS SELECTIONS, AND A CONTINUATION OF THOMAS FITCH'S INTERESTING ARTICLES ON HIS FOREIGN TRAVELS. PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS OF THE BYSTANDER.

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FRUITLESS TRIP  
OF CRUISER TACOMA

The San Francisco Chronicle of June 4 says: The cruiser Tacoma, Capt. R. F. Nicholson, from Honolulu May 19th arrived here yesterday, having spent four days, May 24th to 28th, cruising in search of doubtful islands heretofore reported in the neighborhood of 17 degrees north latitude and 138 degrees west longitude. The Tacoma found no islands or shoal water and saw no signs of land.

James D. Hague of New York, who by authority of the Secretary of the Navy, accompanied the Tacoma for the purpose of participating in the search, says that this result is absolutely conclusive so far as it concerns the ocean area actually seen from the track line of the Tacoma. The area thus examined is about one-third of the questionable region where islands have been occasionally reported, and may, possibly, yet be found. The search of the Tacoma was restricted to four days by her limited coal supply. As she carried no appliances for deep sea sounding, her exploration was wholly superficial.

These results afford no hope for light on the loss of the United States steamer Levant, which disappeared mysteriously in 1899 on her voyage from Hawaii to Panama, and which is now believed to have been wrecked on rocks somewhere in her sailing track. This belief is founded upon almost unquestionable evidence, indicated by the finding of wreckage of the Levant on the south end of Hawaii about nine months after her departure from Hilo.

Mr. Hague has recently obtained some further data concerning this wreckage, and its significant relations to the question of the Levant's fate. He is more than ever confident that the vessel did not founder in mid-ocean, but was wrecked on some reef or perhaps island, where possibly there might have been, and in such event still may be, survivors. The search of the Tacoma was undertaken in hope of finding such an island, if there be one. In this respect the result is disappointing. In other respects the result of the cruise is beneficial, since it tends to the ultimate removal from the charts of an existing menace to navigation.

The cruise of the Tacoma in search of the mysterious island or shoal was the direct result of a report made by Captain Lawless of the steamer Australia two years ago. He claimed to have seen discolored water, indicating a shoal, in latitude 18 degrees 56 minutes north, longitude 138 degrees 10 minutes west.

HANAIE TO BE  
SOLD ON COAST

The Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company's steamer Hanaie was put on the marine railway shortly after noon yesterday to be cleaned and repaired preparatory to her departure the latter part of the present week for San Francisco, where it is understood the vessel will be sold to parties who will put her on the coasting trade.

The Hanaie has been out of commission for a long period of time, her last service being to carry supplies to the cable colony on Midway Island. Bookings have been heavy for the steamer, principally of Japanese, to whom a low rate is being made. The vessel has accommodations for fifty first class cabin passengers, but it is understood few white people are booking.

The Hanaie will be sent to San Francisco in command of Capt. Pitts, at present first mate on the steamer Mauna Loa, and Capt. Mosher will probably go as first mate. The Hanaie will probably make the trip in about ten days.

## Barely Escaped Collision.

The bark Olympic, arriving yesterday, nineteen days from Kanan, Maui, with nine passengers and a cargo of 30,000 bags of sugar, narrowly escaped collision with the pilot-boat Pathfinder, lying at anchor off Meigs wharf. The Olympic was following the barkentine Coronado, just in from Honolulu, after a trip of twenty-three days, with passengers and a cargo of 22,405 bags of sugar, and when the Coronado came to an anchorage sheered off to pass her. The Pathfinder lay directly in her path, but by skillful maneuvering the Olympic avoided a collision and the probable destruction of the small boat—Chronicle, June 3.

## New Mail Docks.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 3.—The Harbor Commission did not meet yesterday as was expected and will defer action on the adoption of the plans for the new Pacific Mail docks until next Wednesday. The docks will cost \$300,000 each instead of \$130,000 as was originally estimated and will be the finest structure of the kind in this country. Passengers will land from the big liners on the upper deck of the new wharves, all the lower deck being reserved for freight. Other new features will be provided.

## Kauai Shipping.

Purser Friel of the W. G. Hall, reports: "Steamer Mikahala at Waimea discharging freight. Schooner Allen A. left Makaweli for Eureka, June 3."

"Bark Emily F. Whitney at Makaweli discharging coal—700 tons out. Edward May arrived at Makaweli, June 3."

"Barkentine Benicia at Eleale discharging coal—100 tons out. Henry Villard left Eleale, June 3 with 23,200 bags sugar."

## DIED.

OLDING—At Kohala, Hawaii, on June 6th, 1904, Margaret, beloved elder daughter of George and Anna Olding, aged two years and nine months.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD  
FOR THE MONTH OF MAY

Honolulu.—Temperature mean for the month, 74.1; normal, 74.1; average daily maximum, 80.8; average daily minimum, 68.3; mean daily range, 12.5 degrees; greatest daily range, 20 degrees (11th); least daily range, 6 degrees (6th); highest temperature, 84 degrees (31st); lowest, 61 degrees (11th).

Barometer average, 30.010; normal, 30.031; highest, 30.13 (21st, 25th and 26th); lowest, 29.91 (11th); greatest 24-hour change, that is from any given hour of one day to the same hour on the next, .04 (9 a. m. and 9 p. m. 6th to 9 a. m. and 9 p. m. 7th, and 9 p. m. to 9 p. m. 15th to 15th); "lows" passed this point, 1st to 15th and 20th to 25th inclusive; "highs," 1st to 7th and 16th to 18th inclusive.

Relative humidity average, 68.5; normal, 73.5; mean dew point, 69.9; normal, 64.9; mean absolute moisture, 6.31 grains per cubic foot; normal, 6.53; Rainfall, 1.33 inches; normal, 2.55; greatest 24-hour rainfall, 0.30 inches (from 9 a. m. 14th to 9 a. m. 15th); rain record days, 12; normal, 19.

The artesian well water fell from 55.30 to 55.55 feet above mean sea level, May 31st, 1903, it stood at 55.35; the average daily mean sea level was 57.0; the assumed annual mean being 10 feet above datum. For May, 1903, it was 5.65.

Trade wind days, 26 (2 N.W.E.); normal, 24; average force of wind, Beaufort scale and during daylight only, 3.9; average cloudiness, tenths of sky, 4.0; normal, 4.4.

Approximate percentage of district rainfall as compared with normal—Hawaii, 110; district, 92 per cent; Hilo district, 92 per cent; Hilo, 106; Kona, 83; Waialeale, 85; Kona, 110; Kauai, variable, from 42 per cent at Hilo to 185 at Naelehu; Puna, 125; Island of Maui, 78; Oahu—Honolulu district, 64; Nuuanu, 65; Koolau, 35; Ewa, 66; Island of Kauai, 30 per cent.

The heaviest 24-hour rainfalls were at Oahu (1700 feet elevation), 18.32 inches. The heaviest 24-hour rainfalls were at Oahu (1700), 4.17 inches; Kohala, 3.29 and Puuhou, Hawaii, 2.87; all on the 4th.

## TEMPERATURES.

El. Mean Mean Cor. Ft. Max. Min. Av. H. L.

## HAWAII—

Papeete ... 100 77.2 67.4 71.8 40 63  
Oahu ... 210 84.8 63.3 74.4 37 61  
Kohala ... 521 77.3 68.3 72.4 32 64  
Waimea ... 2730 70.3 58.0 63.8 26 52  
Vol. House ... 4000 63.4 51.0 57.0 21 47

## MAUI—

Waialeale ... 2700 82.2 53.0 65.0 22 53

## LANAI—

Keomuku ... 10 83.2 73.2 77.2 61 71

## KAUAI—

Kinohao Street ... 50 81.9 63.5 72.5 35 60

(Castle) ... 50 82.0 64.2 72.4 34 59

Ewa Mill ... 50 82.0 64.2 72.4 34 59

U. S. Ex. Sta. ... 350 82.1 67.3 74.2 35 63

Ewa Mill—dew point, 57.0; relative humidity, 61.0; barometer average, 30.00; Kohala—dew point, 64.6; relative humidity, 77.2.

The precipitation throughout the group with the exception of the Island of Hawaii, was considerably below the normal, and was the lightest May rainfall recorded at the Weather Bureau for eight years. Dew at Honolulu 4 mornings.

Notes from other stations—Papeete, Hawaii: Snow on mountain tops 12th and still visible 22nd; easterly winds throughout, average force, 1.2; heavy surf 1st to 8th inclusive; dew two mornings. Kohala and Waimea, Hawaii, trade winds all the month.

R. C. LYDECKER, Territorial Meteorologist.

## RAINFALL FOR MAY, 1904.

Stations— HAWAII

Hilo ... 7.40

Waialeale ... 5.23

Papeete ... 1.20

Kaunapali ... 1.75

Papeete ... 1.75

Hakalau ... 2.04

Honolulu ... 3.07

Puuhou ... 1.05

Laupahoehoe ... 5.00

Ookala ... 4.00

Hakalau ... 5.70

Puuhou ... 4.49

Paahou ... 3.85

Honokaa (Mill) ... 4.25

Honokaa (Meinike) ... 3.23

Kukuihaele ... 2.23

Kohala ... 5.70

Awini Ranch ... 1.00

Niuli ... 2.77

Waialeale ... 2.74

Kohala (Mimdon) ... 2.25

Kohala (Sugar Co.) ... 2.70

Hawii Mill ... 3.34

Puuhou Ranch ... 3.29

Puuhou Ranch ... 1.74

Waimea ... 2.51

Kona ... 6.77

Huehue ... 2.00

Holualoa ... 5.50

Kealahou ... 5.12

Napooopo ... 2.73

Hoopuloo ... 4.61

Hoopuloo ... 5.07

Puuhou Ranch ... 2.64

Kau ... 6.83

Kahuku Ranch ... 6.87

Honoupo ... 2.82

Naelehu ... 6.84

Hilea ... 6.78

Pahala ... 2.79

Volcano House ... 6.95

Puna ... 15.21

Oahu ... 210

Oahu (20 miles) ... 1.74

Kapoho ... 1.74

Pahala ... 1.74

## MAUI

Kaupo (Mokulay) ... 285 4.65  
Kipahulu ... 308 3.83  
Nahiku ... 850 5.87  
Halei ... 700 2.00  
Kula (Erewhon) ... 4500 2.15  
Kula (Waikoa) ... 2700 1.02  
Puuhou ... 1400 1.61  
Waikuku ... 250 0.26

## LANAI

Keomuku ... 10 0.00

## KAUAI

Punahoa (W. Bureau) ... 47 1.33

Kulaokahua (Castle) ... 50 0.73

U. S. Naval Station ... 6 0.60

College Hills ... 175 2.03

Manoa (Woodlawn Dairy) ... 255 5.74

Manoa (Rhodes Gardens) ... 350 0.73

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